## Geography-Roots, Shoot and Muddy Boots

## Year 1 Spring Term 1

## Key Learning

Use simple world maps, atlases, globes, and satellite images to identify the United Kingdom and the four countries it is made up of, including their capital cities.

Use a compass and identify the four points.

Use specific geographical vocabulary to refer to human and physical features.

Use knowledge learnt to identify a city, town, and village in relation to their human and physical features.

Arrange the locations of a small-scale map and construct a simple key.





	<u>Key Vocabulary</u>
Мар	A representation of an area. E.g., roads, rivers etc
Allas	A book of maps.
Globe	A spherical model of Earth.
Country	A nation with its own Government.
United Kingdom	It is made up of the four nations: England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland.
England	Largest division of United Kingdom.
Wales	A country that is part of the United Kingdom.
Scotland	A country that is part of the United Kingdom.
Northern Ireland	A country that is part of the United Kingdom.
Compass	An instrument with a magnetised pointer to show the direction of magnetic north.
Direction	A course that must be followed.
North, West, East and South	A direction found on a compass.
Capital city	The place that is centre of a country.
Town	A buill-up area with a name. Smaller than a city.
Village	A group of houses, smaller than a town.
Physical reatures	Natural features found in an area.
Human features	Man-made features found in an area.
Factory	A large building where things are made or distributed.
Farm	Land used for growing crops or rearing animals.
Mountain	A landform that rises high above the surrounding area.
Coast	Where the land meets the sea.
Hill	A landform that rises high above the surrounding area but is smaller than a mountain.
Valley	The low area between hills.

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